-STOP-

Do not continue unless you can answer 'yes' to the following questions:

- Are you currently registered in a state that regulates home inspectors, and, if so, have you been registered for at least one year and are in good standing?
- Have you established AZ residency?

HOME INSPECTOR CERTIFICATION APPLICATION UNIVERSAL LICENSURE APPLICATION CHECKLIST

Please ensure you have all items before submitting your application.

If any items are missing, your application will be returned.

Applicant Name:		
* *		

Completed application, all questions answered, signed and dated.

A signed check in amount of \$175.00 for the application & initial registration fee.

A copy of the applicant's clearance card (front and back) along with signed "Notice for Home Inspectors" Page.

Completed, signed and dated "Arizona Statement of Citizenship and Alien Status for State Public Benefits,"

along with a copy of supporting evidence as listed on pages 3-5 of the document.

Copy of a government issued photographic identification, pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1080. (See the enclosed document which lists acceptable forms of ID headed by "Attention" and dated 8/9/2017.)

Proof of Residency along with signed "Proof of Residency" Page.

Verification of holding a license in at least <u>one US State</u> for <u>at least one year</u> and documentation of the following for that license:

- 1. Confirmation from other state as to whether or not an examination was required and confirmation that the applicant took and passed the examination.
- 2. Documentation, in the form of statute and rule that the practice level allowed by the license in that state is equivalent to Arizona's practice level.
- 3. Documentation, in the form of statute and rule, of the minimum standard for education and experience in the state of licensure, and verification from the state that the applicant met both.

Verification of licenses in good standing in <u>all states or jurisdictions</u> where the person is licensed submitted by the agency of jurisdiction.

Disclose all pending complaints, allegations and investigations from any regulatory entity in another state or country and cause the regulatory entity to provide the AZBTR with the status of case.

Disclose any disciplinary action taken by any other regulating entity and cause the regulating entity to send a copy of the Order directly to the AZBTR.

Disclose any revocation or surrender of a license in any other state or country and cause the state or country to send a copy of the Order directly to the AZBTR.

Disclose any criminal convictions that is listed in the bill and cause the court of jurisdiction to send a copy of the Order to the AZBTR.

1110 W. Washington Street, Suite 240, Phoenix, Arizona 85007 (602)364-4930 FAX: (602)364-4931 https://btr.az.gov/

UNIVERSAL LICENSURE APPLICATION FOR HOME INSPECTOR CERTIFICATION

PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT LEGIBLY IN BLACK INK **APPLICATION & INITIAL REGISTRATION FEE \$175.00**

Please submit a check or money order made payable to the Arizona Board of Technical Registration

	1. GENERAL IN	NFORMATION		
Name: Last	First:	Mic	ldle:	
Date of Birth (mandatory):	S	Social Security # (mandato	ry):	
Citizenship or Legal Resider	nce:	•		
Residence Address:		Apt/Suite/Uni	t:	
City, State, Zip:		Telephone #:		
Mailing Address:		Apt/Suite/Uni	t:	
City, State, Zip:		Telephone #:		
Business Address:		Apt/Suite/Unit	t:	
City, State, Zip:		Telephone #:		
Email:				
If you have been legally known	own by another name(s) list here v	vith explanation and provi	de documentation	on:
	2. BACKGROUND	/DISCIPLINE		
	revoked or surrendered in any of application through A.R.S. § 32-		YES	NO
1) a copy of the disciplina	y imposed discipline on you? If y ry order and 2) cause the regulating whether the action has been corr	ng entity to provide	YES	NO
country? If yes, please cau	allegation or investigation pendingse the regulating entity to confirm has been resolved and disclose he	n whether the complaint,	YES	NO
by the Board, pursuant to	tory that may disqualify your apple. A.R.S. § 41-1093.04? If yes, pleadourt documents to the Board.	se cause the court of	YES	NO
iternal Use Only				
eceipt Number:	Amount Paid:			
		Criminal History Ch	eck Completed	
		No Further Action Re	equired \Box	
		Further Information		

3. HOME INSPECTOR REGISTRATION/CERTIFICATION IN ANOTHER STATE

Applicant must provide verification of each registration /certification listed

State	Date of Initial Registration	Registration #	Curre	ent Status
	·		•	
	4 NATIONAL EX	A MINIA TIONIC		
	4. NATIONAL EX			
	e indicating successful completion of			Yes
	stered by the Examiners Board of Pro-	ofessional Home Inspectors	s (EBPHI)?	
yes," please attach a	copy of the certificate.			
yes," please attach a	copy of the certificate.			
yes," please attach a	copy of the certificate.			
yes," please attach a		OR TRAINING COURSI	E	
ves," please attach a		OR TRAINING COURSI		Date Comple
es," please attach a	5. HOME INSPECT			Date Comple
es," please attach a	5. HOME INSPECT			Date Comple
es," please attach a	5. HOME INSPECT			Date Comple
es," please attach a	5. HOME INSPECT			Date Comple
es," please attach a	5. HOME INSPECT			Date Comple
ves," please attach a	5. HOME INSPECT			Date Comple
yes," please attach a	5. HOME INSPECT			Date Comple
yes," please attach a	5. HOME INSPECT			Date Comple
ves," please attach a	5. HOME INSPECT			Date Comple
	5. HOME INSPECT	# of Hours	Completed	

Making a false unsworn statement is a misdemeanor punishable by fine or imprisonment. A.R.S. 13-2704.

Applicants Signature:	Date:
Arizona Revised Statutes ("A.R.S.") 41-1030(R) states that "falla agency shall not base a licensing decision in whole or i	n part on a licensing requirement or condition that is not specifically authorized by statute, rule or state tr

gaming compact. A general grant of authority in statute does not constitute a basis for imposing a licensing requirement or condition unless a rule is made pursuant to that general grant of authority that specifically authorizes the requirement or condition." A.R.S. 41-1030(D) states that "[t]his section may be enforced in a private civil action and relief may be awarded against the state. The court may award reasonable attorney fees, damages and all fees associated with the license application to a party that prevails in an action against the state for a violation of this section." A.R.S. 41-1030(E) states that "[a] state employee may not intentionally or knowingly violate this section. A violation of this section is cause for disciplinary action or dismissal pursuant to the Agency's adopted personnel policy."

A.R.S. 41-1030(F) states that "(t]his section does not abrogate the immunity provided by section 12-820.01 or 12-820.02."

Pursuant to section 41-1093.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, an agency shall limit all occupational regulation to regulations that are demonstrated to be necessary to specifically fulfill a public health, safety or welfare concern. Pursuant to section s 41-1093.02 and 41-1093.03, Arizona Revised Statutes, you have the right to petition this agency to repeal or modify the occupational regulation or bring an action in court of general jurisdiction to challenge the occupational regulation and to ensure compliance with section 41-1093.01, Arizona Revised Statues.

Pursuant to Section 32-4302, Arizona Revised Statutes, a person shall be granted an occupational or professional license or certificate if the person has been licensed or certified in another state for at least twelve months, the

license or certificate is in the same discipline and at the same practice level as the license or certificate for which the person is applying in this state and the person meets other conditions prescribed by Section 32-4302, Arizona

Revised 3/7/2022 Page 2 of 2

NOTICE FOR HOME INSPECTORS

Please carefully read this document before signing and returning it with your application.

In answering questions 1 and 2 in Section 2, Background/Disciplinary on the application, please note the following:

- If you answer "yes" to <u>either</u> of the questions, you must provide a detailed written explanation regarding the facts and circumstances surrounding the incident.
- If you answer "yes" to question 1, you must have supporting documentation sent directly to the Board. (Board disciplinary orders, Board complaint, order of registration or certification, etc).
- You must answer "yes" to question 2 even if you pled "no contest" or "nolo contendere" to the felony or misdemeanor charges, and even if the conviction has been set aside or expunged regardless of what you have been advised in the past.
- False or misleading answers regarding any information provided to the Board of Technical Registration as part of your request for registration or certification may result in denial of your application.

Applicant signature	Date

APPLICANT PROOF OF ARIZONA RESIDENCY

With this application, please provide one form of proof of Arizona Residency.

The Arizona Board of Technical Registration accepts the following documentation as proof of Arizona Residency:

- A valid Arizona driver's license / ID Card -or- a current Arizona motor vehicle registration
- Documentation demonstrating a permanent address in Arizona on pertinent records, such as a utility bill, mortgage payment, lease payment.
- Military Form 2058
- Arizona Voter Registration

Applicant signature	Date

Military Status - A.R.S. § 32-4304(A)(4)

Effective July 1, 2022, a regulating entity that issues an occupational or professional license shall "track veteran and military spouse status of applicants". All state agencies shall report the information to the Governor's office on an annual basis.

It is requested that you provide the following information in order for the Arizona Board of Technical Registration to comply with A.R.S. § 32-4304(A)(4):

Are you active duty military?
yes
no
I do not wish to answer
Are you a veteran?
yes
no
I do not wish to answer
Are you the spouse of an active duty military individual?
yes
no
I do not wish to answer
Are you the spouse of a veteran?
yes
no
I do not wish to answer

Form 1: LONG FORM APPLICANT STATEMENT (revised) REQUIRING SUBMISSION OF DOCUMENTATION OF STATUS

ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CITIZENSHIP AND ALIEN STATUS FOR STATE PUBLIC BENEFITS

Arizona State Board of Technical Registration Professional License and Commercial License

Title IV of the federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (the "Act"), 8 U.S.C. § 62, provides that, with certain exceptions, only United States citizens, United States non-citizen nationals, non-exempt "qualified aliens" (and sometimes only particular categories of qualified aliens), non-immigrants, and certain aliens paroled into the United States are eligible to receive state or local public benefits. With certain exceptions, a professional license and commercial license issued by a State agency is a State public benefit.

Arizona Revised Statutes §1-501 requires, in general, that a person applying for a license must submit documentation to the licensing agency that satisfactorily demonstrates that the applicant is lawfully present in the United States.

Directions: All applicants must complete Sections I, II, and IV. Applicants who are not U.S. citizens or nationals must also complete Section III. Submit this completed form and copy of one or more documents that evidence your citizenship or alien status with your application for license or renewal.

SECTION I	- APPLICANT INFORMATION			
APPLICANT'S NAME (Print or type)		DATE		
TYPE OF APPLICATION (check one):	INITIAL APPLICATION	RENEWAL		
TYPE OF LICENSE				
SECTION II - CITIZENSHIP (OR NATIONAL STATUS DECLARATION			
Directions: Attach a legible copy of the front a document that demonstrates U.S. citizenship or		attached List A or other		
A. Are you a citizen or national of the United S	tates? (check one)			
B. If the answer is "Yes," where were you born City State (or equiva	? List city, state (or equivalent), and country llent) Country or Territ	ory		
If you are a citizen or national of the United States, please complete Sections III and IV.	ates, go to Section IV. If you are <u>not</u> a citizen of	or national of the United		
SECTION III - A	ALIEN STATUS DECLARATION			
Directions: To be completed by applicants who status by checking the appropriate box. Attach attached List B or other document that evidence	a legible copy of the front, and back (if any), o	of a document from the		
"Qualified Alien" Status [8 U.S.C. §§1621 (a) 1. An alien lawfully admitted for permane	o(1), -1641(b) and (c)] ent residence under the Immigration and Natio	onality Act (INA).		
2 An alien who is granted asylum under	Section 208 of the INA			

AP	PLIC	CANT'S SIGNATURE TODAY'S DATE
		icants must complete this section. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Arizona that wers I have given are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
		SECTION IV - DECLARATION
who	o fal	I into this category ineligible for licensure. See 8 U.S.C. §1621(a).
		A person not described in categories 1-13 who is otherwise lawfully present in the United States. NOTE: The federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act may make persons
Oth	erw	rise Lawfully Present (A.R.S. §1-501)
	13	A foreign national not physically present in the United States.
	12	A citizen of a freely associated state, if section 141 of the applicable compact of free association approved in the Public Law 99-239 or 99-658 (or a successor provision) is in effect [Freely Associated States include the Republic of the Marshall Islands, Republic of Palau and the Federate States of Micronesia, 48 U.S.C. §1901 et seq];
		Persons (8 U.S.C. §1621(c)(2)(A) and (C)) A non-immigrant whose visa for entry is related to employment in the United States, or
		An alien paroled into the United States for <u>less than one year</u> under Section 212(d)(5) of the INA.
Alie		aroled into the United States For Less Than One Year [8 U.S.C. §1621(a)(3)]
Nor		migrant Status (8 U.S.C. §1621(a)(2)) A non-immigrant under the Immigration and Nationality Act [8 U.S.C. §1101 <i>et seq.</i>] Non-immigrants are persons who have temporary status for a specific purpose. See 8 U.S.C. §1101(a)(15).
	8.	An alien who is, or whose child or child's parent is, a "battered alien" or an alien subjected to extreme cruelty in the United States.
	7.	An alien who is a Cuban and Haitian entrant (as defined in section 501(e) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980).
	6.	An alien granted conditional entry under Section 203(a)(7) of the INA as in effect prior to April 1, 1980.
	5.	An alien whose deportation is being withheld under Section 243(h) of the INA.
	4.	An alien paroled into the United States for <u>at least one year</u> under Section 212(d)(5) of the INA.
	3.	A refugee admitted to the United States under Section 207 of the INA.

Attachment: Lists A and B Evidence of U.S. Citizenship, U.S. National Status, or Alien Status

03/28/08

ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CITIZENSHIP & ALIEN STATUS

All applicants must answer questions on the application regarding citizenship. A Xeroxed copy of a document that shows evidence of your citizenship or alien status <u>MUST BE</u> submitted with your application for licensure or renewal. See List A or List B.

LIST A

Evidence showing U.S. citizen or U.S. national status includes the following:

*If any of the following documents do not contain a photograph of the individual, the individual shall also present a government issued document that contains a photograph of the individual.

a. Primary Evidence:

- (I) An AZ driver's license issued after 1996 or an AZ non-operating identification license
- (2) A birth certificate showing birth in one of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico (on or after January 13, 1941), Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands (on or after January 17, 1917), American Samoa, or the Northern Mariana Islands (on or after November 4, 1986, Northern Mariana Islands local time) (unless the applicant was born to foreign diplomats residing in such a jurisdiction); *
- (3) A birth certificate or delayed birth certificate issued in any state, territory or possession of the U.S.; *
- (4) A signed United States passport; current or expired;
- (5) Report of birth abroad of a U.S. citizen (FS-240) (issued by the Department of State to U.S. citizens); A U.S. certificate of birth abroad *
- (6) Certificate of Birth (FS-545) (issued by a foreign service post) or Certification of Report of Birth (DS-1350), copies of which are available from the Department of State; *
- (7) Form N-550 or N-570, Certificate of Naturalization (issued by the Service through a Federal or State court, or through administrative naturalization after December 1990 to individuals who are individually naturalized; the N-570 is a replacement certificate issued when the N-550 has been lost or mutilated or the individual's name has changed);
- (8) Form N-561, Certificate of Citizenship;
- (9) Form I-197, United States Citizen Identification Card (issued by the Service until April 7, 1983 to U.S. citizens living near the Canadian or Mexican border who needed it for frequent border crossings) (formerly Form I-179, last issued in February 1974);
- (10) Form I-873 (or prior versions), Northern Marianas Card (issued by the Service to a collectively naturalized U.S. citizen who was born in the Northern Mariana Islands before November 3, 1986);
- (11) Statement provided by a U.S. consular official certifying that the individual is a U.S. citizen (given to an individual born outside the United states who derives citizenship through a parent but does not have a FS-240, FS-545, or DS-1350); or *
- (12))Form I-872 (or prior versions), American Indian Card with a classification code "KIC" and a statement on the back identifying the bearer as a U.S. citizen (issued by the Service to U.S. citizen members of the Texas Band of Kickapoo living near the U.S./Mexican border).
- (13) A tribal certificate of Indian blood.*
- (14) A tribal or bureau of Indian affairs affidavit of birth*

NOTE: SOCIAL SECURITY CARDS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTATION.

b. Secondary Evidence

If the applicant cannot present one of the documents listed in (a) above, the following may be relied upon to establish U.S. citizenship or U.S. national status;

- (1) Religious record recorded in one of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico (on or after January 13, 1941), Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands (on or after January 17, 1917), American Samoa, or the Northern Mariana Islands (on or after November 4, 1986, Northern Mariana Islands local time) (unless the applicant was born to foreign diplomats residing in such ajurisdiction) within three 3 months after birth showing that the birth occurred in such jurisdiction and the date of birth or the individual's age at the time the record was made;
- (2) Evidence of civil service employment by the U.S. government before June 1, 1976;
- (3) Early school records (preferably from the first school) showing the date of admission to the school, the applicant's date and U.S. place of birth, and the name(s) and place(s) of birth of the applicant's parent(s);
- (4) Census record showing name, U.S. nationality or a U.S. place of birth, and applicant's date of birth or age;
- (5) Adoption finalization papers showing the applicant's name and place of birth in one of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico (on or after January 13, 1941), Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands (on or after January 17, 1917, American Samoa, or the Northern Mariana Islands (on or after November 4, 1986, Northern Marian Islands local time) (unless the applicant was born to foreign diplomats residing in such a jurisdiction), or, when the adoption is not finalized and the state or other U.S. jurisdiction listed above will not release a birth certificate prior to final adoption, a statement from a state or jurisdiction approved adoption agency showing the applicant's name and place of birth in one of such jurisdictions, and stating that the source of the information is an original birth certificate;
- (6) Any other document that establishes a U.S. place of birth or otherwise indicates U.S. nationality (e.g., a contemporaneous hospital record of birth in that hospital in one of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico (on or after January 13, 1941), Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands (on or after January 17, 1917), American Samoa, or the Northern Mariana Islands (on or after November 4, 1986, Northern Mariana Islands local time) (unless the applicant was born to foreign diplomats residing in such a jurisdiction);

c. Collective Naturalization

If the applicant cannot present one of the documents listed in (a) or (b) above, the following will establish U.S. citizenship for collectively naturalized individuals:

Puerto Rico:

- Evidence of birth in Puerto Rico on or after April 11, 1899 and the applicant's statement that he or she was residing in the U.S., a U.S. possession or Puerto Rico on January 13, 1941; or
- Evidence that the applicant was a Puerto Rican citizen and the applicant's statement that he or she was residing in Puerto Rico on March I, 1917 and that he or she did not take an oath of allegiance to Spain.

U.S. Virgin Islands:

- Evidence of birth in the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the applicant's statement of residence in the U.S., a U.S. possession or the U.S. Virgin Islands on February 25, 1927;
- The applicant's statement indicating resident in the U.S. Virgin Islands as a Danish citizen on January 17, 1917 and residence in the U.S., a U.S. possession or the U.S. Virgin Islands on February 25, 1927, and that he or she did not make a declaration to maintain Danish citizenship; or
- Evidence of birth in the U.S. Virgin Islands and the applicant's statement indicating residence in the U.S., a U.S. possession or territory or the Canal Zone on June 28, 1932.

Northern Mariana Islands (NMI) (formerly part of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (TTPI)):

- Evidence of birth in the NMI, TTPI citizenship and residence in the NMI, the U.S., or a U.S. territory or possession on November 3, 1986 (NMI local time) and the applicant's statement that he or she did not owe allegiance to a foreign state on November 4, 1986 (NMI local time);
- Evidence of TTPI citizenship, continuous residence in the NMI since before November 3, 1981 (NMI local time), voter registration prior to January 1, 1975 and the applicant's statement that he or she did not owe allegiance to a foreign state on November 4, 1986 (NMI local time); or
- Evidence of continuous domicile in the NMI since before January 1, 1974 and the applicant's statement that he or she did not owe allegiance to a foreign state on November 4 1986 (NMI local time). Note: If a person entered the NMI as a nonimmigrant and lived in the NMI since January 1, 1974, this does not constitute continuous domicile and the individual is not a U.S. citizen

d. Derivative Citizenship

If the applicant cannot present one of the documents listed in a or b above, the following may be used to make determination of derivative U.S. citizenship:

Applicant born abroad to two U.S. citizen parents: Evidence of the U.S. citizenship of the parents and the relationship of the applicant to the parents, and evidence that at least one parent resided in the U.S. or an outlying passion prior to the applicant's birth

Applicant born abroad to a U.S. citizen parent and a U.S. non-citizen national parent: Evidence that one parent is a U.S. citizen and that the other is a U.S. non-citizen national, evidence of the relationship of the applicant to the U.S. citizen parent, and evidence that the U.S. citizen parent resided in the U.S., a U.S. possession, American Samoa or Swain's Island for a period of at least one year prior to the applicant's birth.

Applicant born out of wedlock abroad to a U.S. citizen mother: Evidence of the U.S. citizenship of the mother, evidence of the relationship to the applicant and, for births on or before December 24, 1952, evidence that the mother resided in the U.S. prior to the applicant's birth or, for births after December 24, 1952, evidence that the mother had resided, prior to the child's birth, in the U.S. or a U.S. possession for a period of one year.

Applicant born in the Canal Zone or the Republic of Panama:

- A birth certificate showing birth in the Canal Zone on or after February 26, 1904 and before October 1, 1979 and evidence that one parent was a U.S. citizen at the time of the applicant's birth; or
- A birth certificate showing birth in the Republic of Panama on or after February 26, 1904 and before October 1, 1979 and
 evidence that at least one parent was a U.S. citizen and employed by the U.S. government or the Panama Railroad
 Company or its successor in title.

In all other situations in which an applicant claims to have a U.S. citizen parent and an alien parent, or claims to fall within one of the above categories, but is unable to present the listed documentation:

- If the applicant is in the U.S., the applicant should contact the local U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service office for determination of U.S. citizenship;
- If the applicant is outside the U.S., the applicant should contact the State Department for a U.S. citizenship determination.

e. Adoption of Foreign-Born Child by U.S. Citizen

- If the birth certificate shows a foreign place of birth and the applicant cannot be determined to be a naturalized citizen under any of the above criteria, obtain other evidence of U.S. citizenship;
- Because foreign-born adopted children do not automatically acquire U.S. citizenship by virtue of adoption by U.S. citizens, the applicant should contact the local U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service office for a determination of U.S. citizenship, if the applicant provides no evidence of U.S. citizenship.

f. U.S. Citizenship By Marriage

A woman acquired U.S. citizenship through marriage to a U.S. citizen before September 22, 1922. Provide evidence of U.S. citizenship of the husband, and evidence showing the marriage occurred before September 22, 1922.

Note: If the husband was an alien at the time of the marriage, and became naturalized before September 22, 1922, the wife also acquired naturalized citizenship. If the marriage terminated, the wife maintained her U.S. citizenship if she was residing in the U.S. at that time and continued to reside in the U.S.

- g. A U.S. certificate of birth abroad*
- h. A foreign passport with a U.S. Visa*
- i. An 1-94 form with a photograph
- j. A U.S. citizenship and immigration services employment authorization document or refugee travel document*

LIST B

Qualified Aliens, Nonimmigrant, and aliens paroled into U.S. for less than one year.

a. "Qualified Aliens"

Evidence of "Qualified Alien" status includes the following:

Alien Lawfully admitted for Permanent Residence

- *Form I-SS 1 (Alien Registration Receipt Card, commonly known as a "green card"); or
- Unexpired Temporary I-SS1 stamp in foreign passport or on *I Form I-94.

Asylee

- *Form I-94 annotated with stamp showing grant of asylum under section 208 of the INA;
- *Form I-688B (Employment Authorization Card) annotated "274a.12 (a) (S)";
- *Form I-766 (Employment Authorization Document) annotated "AS";
- Grant letter from the Asylum Office of the U.S. Citizenship and immigration Service; or
- Order of an immigration judge granting asylum.

Refugee

- *Form I-94 annotated with stamp showing admission under § 207 of the INA;
- *Form I-688B (Employment Authorization Card) annotated "274a.12 (a) (3)"; or
- *Form I-766 (Employment Authorization Document) annotated "AS";

Alien Paroled Into the US. for at Least One Year

- *Form I-94 with stamp showing admission for at least one year under section 212(d) (S) of the INA. (Applicant cannot aggregate periods of admission for less than one year to meet the one-year requirement.

Alien Whose Deportation or Removal was withheld

- *Form I-688B (Employment Authorization Card) annotated "274a.12 (a) (10)";
- *Form I-766 (Employment Authorization Document) annotated "A1O"; or
- Order from an immigration judge showing deportation withheld under §243(h) of the INA as in effect prior to April 1, 1997, or removal withheld under §241 (b) (3) of the INA.

Alien Granted Conditional Entry

- *Form I-94 with stamp showing admission under §203 (a) (7) of the INA;
- *Form I-688B (Employment Authorization Card) annotated "274a.12 (a) (3)"; or
- *Form I-766 (Employment Authorization Document) annotated "A3".

Cubanmaitian Entrant

- *Form I-SS I (Alien Registration Receipt Card, commonly known as a "green Card") with the code CU6, CU7, or CH6.
- Unexpired temporary I-SS I stamp in foreign passport or on *Form I-94 with the Code CU6 or CU7; or
- *Form I-94 with stamp showing parole as "Cuba/Haitian Entrant" under Section 212 (d) (S) of the INA.

Alien who has been Declared a Battered Alien or Alien Subjected to Extreme Cruelty

- U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service petition and supporting documentation

b. Nonimmigrant

Evidence of "Nonimmigrant" status includes the following:

- *Form I-94 with stamp showing authorized admission as nonimmigrant
- c. Alien Paroled into U.S. for less than One year
 - *Form I-94 with stamp showing admission for less than one year under section 212 (d) (S) of the INA
- d. A foreign passport with a U.S. visa
- e. An I-94 form with a photograph.
- f. <u>A U.S. citizenship and immigration</u> services employment authorization document or refugee travel document.

ATTENTION

Effective July 20, 2011, the Arizona State Legislature modified A.R.S. § 41-1080, (Licensing and fingerprint clearance card eligibility; authorized presence; documentation; applicability; definitions) to require applicants for state licensure and licensure renewal to submit photographic identification with their applications to all state licensing boards and commissions. (See: H.B. 2102.)

This law does not apply to applicants who are citizens of foreign countries and do not need to reside in Arizona to use a state license. The law also does not apply to applicants who reside in other states or jurisdictions and hold a similar professional license in that state or jurisdiction and are not planning to reside in Arizona.

The Arizona State Board of Technical Registration understands that you may have already submitted documentation with your application for registration to the Board, verifying your lawful presence in the United States. However, unless you are exempt from the requirements of A.R.S. § 41-1080 as listed above, or you have already submitted a photograph in support of an application filed after March 2008; we request that you send us the required photograph to complete your registration/renewal process.

Please submit to the Board a "government issued document that contains (your) photograph," as soon as possible, so as not to delay the issuance or renewal of your registration.

The government issued documents you may submit include a <u>copy</u> of the following:

- An Arizona driver's license, issued after 1996, or an Arizona nonoperating identification license.
- A driver's license issued by a state that verifies lawful presence in the United States.
- A United States passport.
- A foreign passport with a United States visa.
- An I-94 form with a photograph.
- A United States citizenship and immigrations services employment authorization document or refugee travel document.
- A United States certificate of naturalization.
- A United States certificate of citizenship.

Please contact the Board if you have any questions or concerns. Thank you for your consideration.

Home Inspector Clearance Card Instructions

The State of Arizona Board of Technical Registration will begin requiring clearance cards with home inspector applications on August 3, 2018. Any person who applies for certification must obtain a clearance card issued by DPS. No application will be approved for certification without a valid clearance card.

Obtaining a clearance card

Effective August 3, 2018, DPS will begin accepting electronic and hard copy clearance card applications. Please wait to schedule your fingerprint appointment with DPS until then.

Electronic application for clearance cards – Arizona in-state applications only.

- 1. Apply on-line at www.azdps.gov
- 2. Make your appointment to be printed using the web site.
- 3. Check the Box for BTR-Home Inspector (this may not be initially available. Ask DPS for an addendum).
- 4. Print out a copy of your application confirmation and application number
- 5. Keep the appointment to be printed.
- 6. Your application and prints will be sent to the DPS Team at the same time.
- 7. If you have no criminal history, the process may take 7 to 10 days after DPS receives the application. An applicant with a criminal history may take several weeks to be processed.
- 8. DPS will mail the clearance card to the address you provided. If you provided an email, DPS will notify you of the status of your application via email.

Hard Copy application for clearance cards – required for all out-of-state applicants and available to in-state applicants

- 1. Call DPS at (602) 223-2279 to request a hard copy application for a clearance card. The package will be mailed to you.
- **2.** Complete the application following the instructions provided with the package.
- 3. Check the Box for BTR Home Inspector
- **4.** Contact your local law enforcement to see if they provide fingerprinting services for the public or contact a private fingerprinting service.
- **5.** Return the white original application form filled out correctly, completed fingerprint card with your fingerprints and with the top portion filled out correctly, and payment in one of the acceptable forms of payment made payable to DPS. Acceptable forms of payment are cashier's check, money order, or business check.
- **6.** Keep the yellow copy of your application for your records. The Board may require you to provide a copy of the form depending the type of application submitted.
- **7.** If you have no criminal history, the process may take 15 to 20 days after DPS receives the Application. An applicant with a criminal history may take several weeks to be processed.
- **8.** DPS will mail the clearance card to the address you provided. If you provided an email, DPS will notify you of the status of your application via email.

Questions, concerns, denials for clearance cards

Do not contact the Board with questions or concerns about the clearance card process or if your clearance card application is denied. Contact DPS at (602) 223-2279.

Attention: Home Inspectors with Criminal Histories

As of August 3, 2018, home inspector applicants **must** obtain a clearance card from DPS to apply for home inspector certification. If you have a criminal history, your application for a clearance card may be denied. If your clearance card application is denied, you can apply to the Arizona Board of Fingerprinting for a good cause exemption. The AZ Board of Technical Registration urges you to apply for your DPS clearance card well in advance of your certification application date so that you will have time to apply for and receive a good cause exemption in the event your clearance card application is denied.

Home Inspectors who have been denied a clearance card through DPS can apply to the AZ Board of Fingerprinting for a good cause exemption. Please refer to https://fingerprint.az.gov for more information on the good cause exemption application.

A delay in applying for a clearance card and good cause exemption will delay the Board's ability to process your home inspector application.

Notice to All Applicants

Any firm offering professional services under the Board's jurisdiction in this state without a current annual firm registration on file with the Board may be in violation of <u>ARS 32-141</u> and subject to disciplinary action. Each firm must have a Principal, who is a registrant in this state, in order to be registered with the Board.

As part of your application process, you may submit the Firm Registration form and fee with your initial application. The firm registration will be processed and the status will be "Pending" until the individual registration is granted. Once granted, staff will update the firm's status to "Active" and set the firm's initial activation date to the same day of the individual's grant date. If the individual registration is not granted, the Board will close the firm and refund the firm registration fee.

Am I obligated to submit a Firm Registration form with my initial application for registration or certification?

No, it is voluntary, however doing so will align your certification's expiration date with the firm's expiration date.

What are the benefits of submitting a firm registration before I am granted a registration or certificate?

If granted registration, you may have to wait to offer professional services in this state until your firm registration is processed, among other requirements. Having your firm active the day your registration becomes active gets you one step closer to being able to offer professional services in Arizona.

Do I need to register a firm if I plan to work as a sole practitioner / doing business as?

Yes. Pursuant to <u>ARS 32-101</u>, Firm is defined as "any <u>individual</u> or partnership, corporation or other type of association including the association of a non-registrant and a registrant who offers to the public professional services regulated by the Board."

I have questions, who do I contact?

Please contact Licensing Manager Julie Pham with any questions.

julie.pham@azbtr.gov 602-364-4955 1110 W. Washington Street, Suite 240, Phoenix, Arizona 85007, (602) 364-4930, Fax (602) 364-4931 https://btr.az.gov

ANNUAL FIRM REGISTRATION

REGISTRATION FEE \$50.00

(Do Not Use For Branch Office Registration)
(Pursuant to A.R.S. § 32-141)

PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT LEGIBLY

Firm Registration #			Expiration Date:		
New Firms will be issued a number. Leave blank if new firm		new firm.	This is the current expiration date. Lea	ve blank if new firm	
Firm Name:			_		
			Annual Registrati	on	
Address:			– New Registration		
City	State	Zip	-		
Phone					
Email:					
CATEGORY OF PROFESSIONA	L SERVICES O	FFERED	:		
	-	-		Surveying	
Engineering: (Services Offe			eering only)		
Agricultural Architecture	Chemical		Civil Control Systems		
☐ Electrical ☐ Environmen	tal Fire Protec	ction \square	Geological Industrial Mechanical		
Metallurgical Mining	Nuclear		Petroleum Sanitary Structural		
Provide the names, Arizona registra register annually and must have a	ntion number(s), and principal registran	d signature((s) of the Registrant(s) in RESPONSIBLE CHARGE. Eache authority and responsibility for professional services of	h firm must that firm.	
Principal Registrant's Name	AZ R	leg. #	Principal Registrant's Name	AZ Reg. #	
Registration Category and/or Branch			Registration Category and/or Branch		
REQUIRED Signature of AZ Regist	rant Da	te	REQUIRED Signature of AZ Registrant	Date	
Principal Registrant's Name	AZ R	Reg. #	Principal Registrant's Name	AZ Reg. #	
Registration Category and/or Branch			Registration Category and/or Branch		
REQUIRED Signature of AZ Regis	trant D	Date	REQUIRED Signature of AZ Registrant	 Date	

NOTICE

Knowingly making a false statement in connection with this application may be cause for denial of this application and/or referral for criminal prosecution.

Arizona Revised Statutes ("A.R.S.") 41-1030(B) states that "[a]n agency shall not base a licensing decision in whole or in part on a licensing requirement or condition that is not specifically authorized by statute, rule or state tribal gaming compact. A general grant of authority in statute does not constitute a basis for imposing a licensing requirement or condition unless a rule is made pursuant to that general grant of authority that specifically authorizes the requirement or condition."

A.R.S. 41-1030(D) states that "[t]his section may be enforced in a private civil action and relief may be awarded against the state. The court may award reasonable attorney fees, damages and all fees associated with the license application to a party that prevails in an action against the state for a violation of this section."

A.R.S. 41-1030(E) states that "[a] state employee may not intentionally or knowingly violate this section. A violation of this section is cause for disciplinary action or dismissal pursuant to the Agency's adopted personnel policy."